

Exercise 11 – Communication Protocols

Important: In order to open a raw socket on linux (for raw data sending and receiving) you have to be **root**

1. Sniffing:
 - a. Use a display filter to filter only “telnet” data.
 - b. Look at telnet.pcap using wireshark, what is the password for the user student ?
 - c. Write a script using pcap, that sniffs for passwords automatically.
 - i. Open a fresh python terminal
 - ii. Run: `from scapy.all import *`
 - iii. Run: `all_packets = rdpcap(“telnet.pcap”)`
 - iv. Run: `all_packets.summary()` – Record the output to a file.
 - v. Create a function called `handle_incoming_packet` that handles the each packet uses globals to maintain the state.
 - vi. Run `handle_incoming_packet` on all packets consecutively
 - vii. See that it works.
 - viii. Use the mode `sniff(lfilter=handle_incoming_packet)` to run it automatically on all interfaces, make sure `sniff()` doesn’t collect data for no reason by returning `False` from within `handle_incoming_packet`. Code must handle simultaneous incoming connections.

PLEASE PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING FILES WITH THE FOLLOWING NAMES IN THE ROOT DIRECTORY:

1. ex11.q1.txt –full details of the work you did in your own words for all of q1 [incl. (a) – (c), (i)-(viii)].
 2. ex11.q1.vii.py – sniffer that reads from a pcap file. Write proper code, document in your own words!
 3. ex11.q2.viii.py - sniffer that reads from interface directly. Write proper code, document in your own words.
2. Stealth open port network scan.
 - a. Create a python script that sends TCP SYN requests to a given IP address on all ports (1-65535).
 - i. Use the `scapy` command to send()
 - b. Create another script that listens to incoming SYN+ACK response, and marks the ports as open. The script will generate the following lines **ONLY**:
FOUND OPEN PORT: [0-9]*
eg.:
FOUND OPEN PORT: 80
 - c. Why is this mode of scanning called stealth ?

PLEASE PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING FILES WITH THE FOLLOWING NAMES IN THE ROOT DIRECTORY:

1. ex11.q2.txt –full details of the work you did in your own words for all of q2 (a)-(c)
2. ex11.q2.a.py – sniffer that reads from a pcap file.
3. ex11.q2.b.py - sniffer that reads from interface directly.

3. ICMP shell

- a. Write a script that sends an ICMP echo reply with the content "Hello, World!"
 - i. Use Wireshark and the "ping" shell command to understand ICMP.
- b. Write a script that sniffs for ICMP echo reply, executes commands based on those commands, and sends the output back (you can use `subprocess.Popen`).
 - i. This must work locally!: It means that you have to differentiate between sent packets and received packets.
 - ii. The sender will be called like this `send.py <remote_ip> <file_to_run> [arg1] [arg2] ...`

PLEASE PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING FILES WITH THE FOLLOWING NAMES IN THE ROOT DIRECTORY:

1. `ex11.q3.txt` – full details of the work you did in your own words for all of q3 (a)-(b)
2. `ex11.q3.a.py` – sniffer that reads from a pcap file.
3. `ex11.q3.b_send.py` - send commands via ICMP echo.
4. `ex11.q3.b_recv.py` - receives commands(plural) and executes.

4. Basic Intrusion Detection/Prevention System.

- a. Write a script that looks for TCP port scanning
 - i. Sniff for incoming TCP traffic, and look for incoming SYN requests.
 - ii. Count the amount of SYNs/min, and check the result.
 - iii. If there are more than 10 SYNs/min from one source IP print **only** an alert:
`*** PORT SCANNING ALERT *** ([0-9]*.[0-9]*.[0-9]*.[0-9]*)`
Eg.:
`*** PORT SCANNING ALERT *** (127.0.0.1)`
- b. SQL injection alert.
 - i. Sniff TCP packets to see if there are any packets incoming to port 80 containing the words: "SELECT", "UPDATE", "INSERT" (in lower, upper or mixed case).
 - ii. If such packets are received run iptables to block the sending IP
hint: `iptables -I INPUT -j DROP -p tcp`
 - iii. BONUS: How would you bypass your IDS ? [3pts]
 - iv. BONUS: How can you abuse this system to create a DoS [3pts]

PLEASE PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING FILES WITH THE FOLLOWING NAMES IN THE ROOT DIRECTORY:

1. `ex11.q4.txt` – full details of the work you did in your own words for all of q4 (a)-(b), (i)-(iv)
2. `ex11.q4.a.py` – sniffer that looks for TCP port scanning.
3. `ex11.q4.b.py` - sniffer that looks for SQL injection and blocks it.